

# Control and project reimbursement

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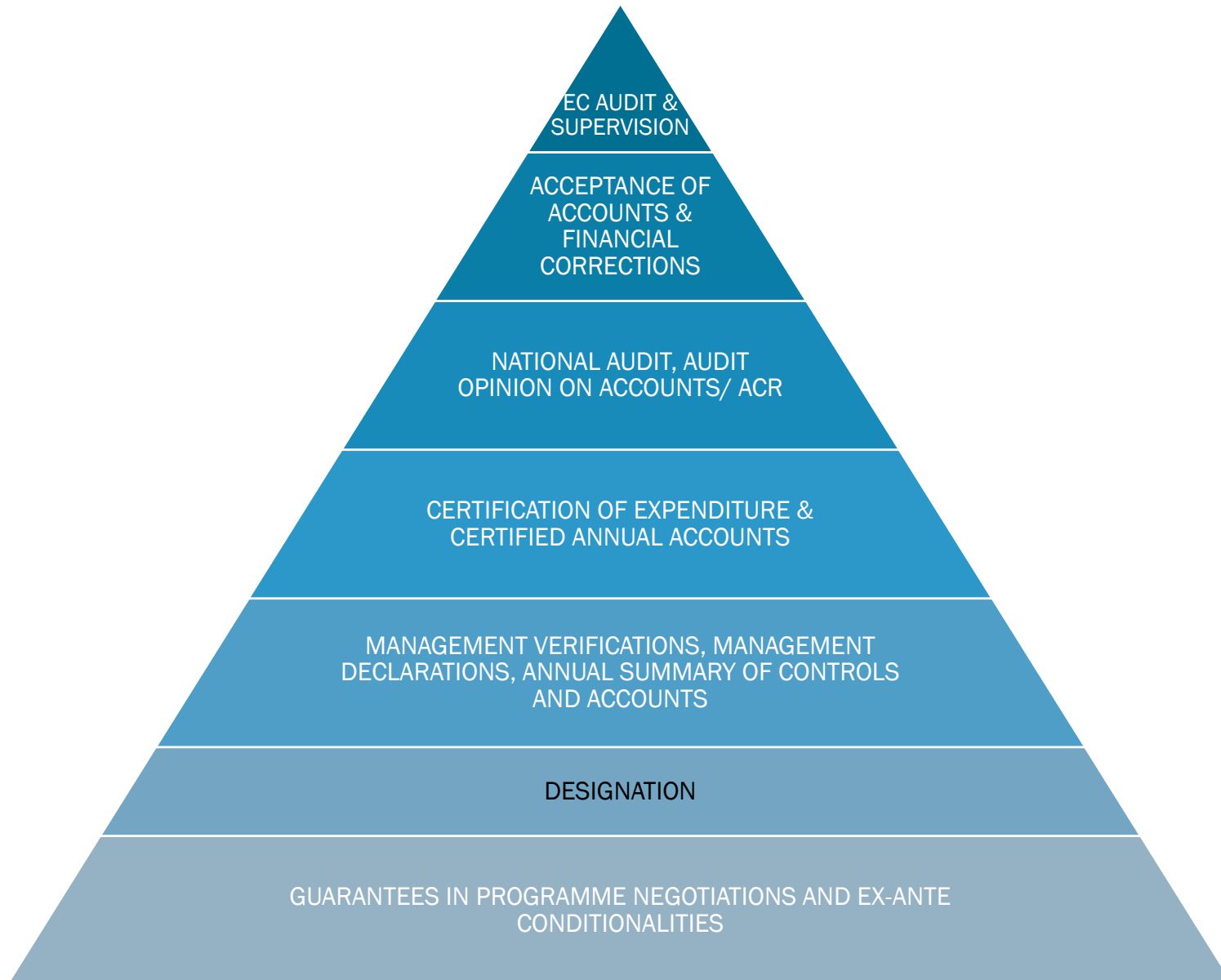
Interact Programme Management for  
Beginners

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Programme**



# Assurance model 2014-2020



# Management verifications – regulatory framework

## Legal basis

Regulation (EU) No. 1303/2013:

- Article 125(4)
- Article 125(5)
- Article 125(6)

Regulation (EU) No. 1299/2013:

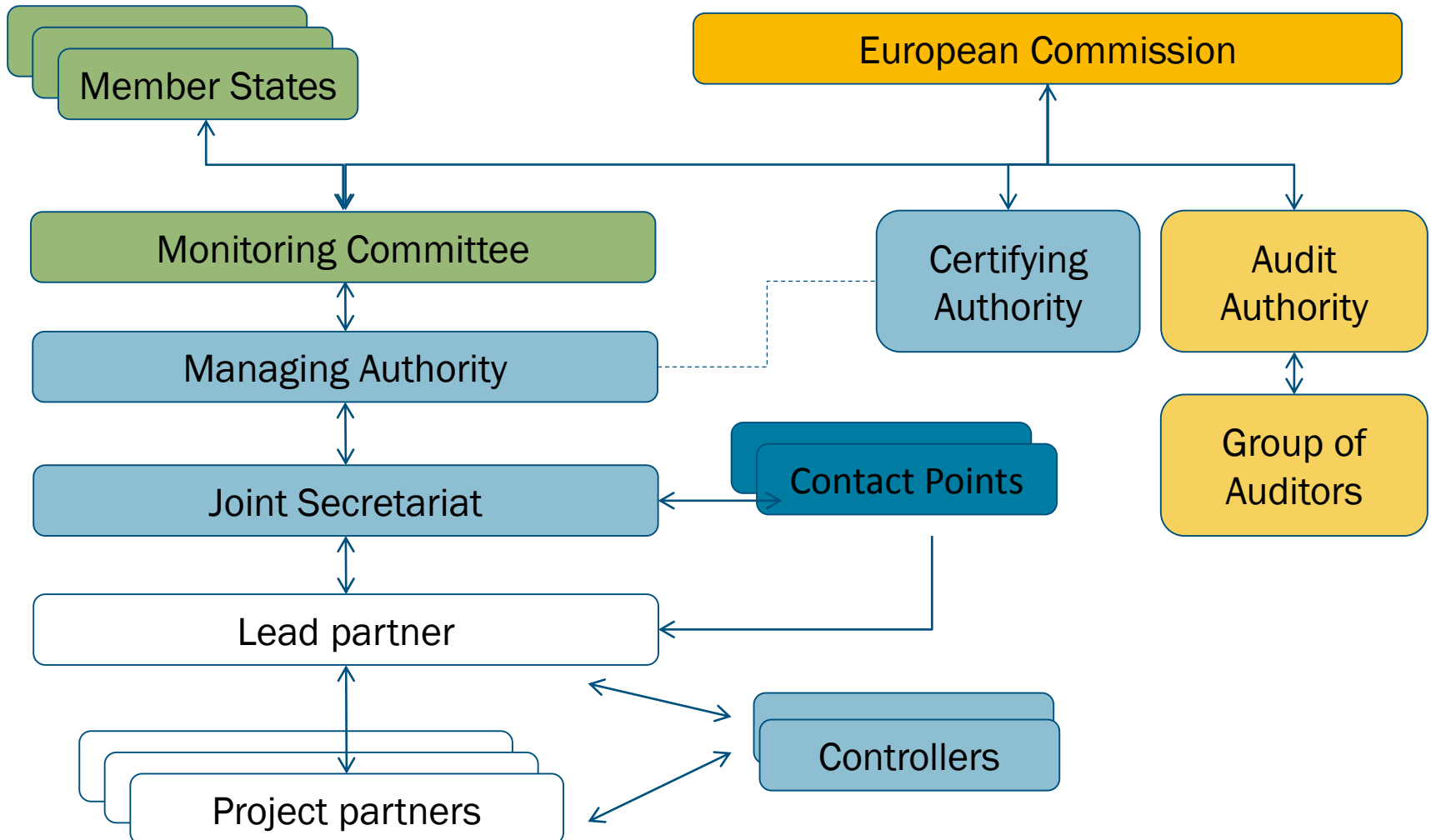
- Article 23



## Guidance by the European Commission

ESFI Guidance for Member States on Management verifications  
(programming period 2014-2020)

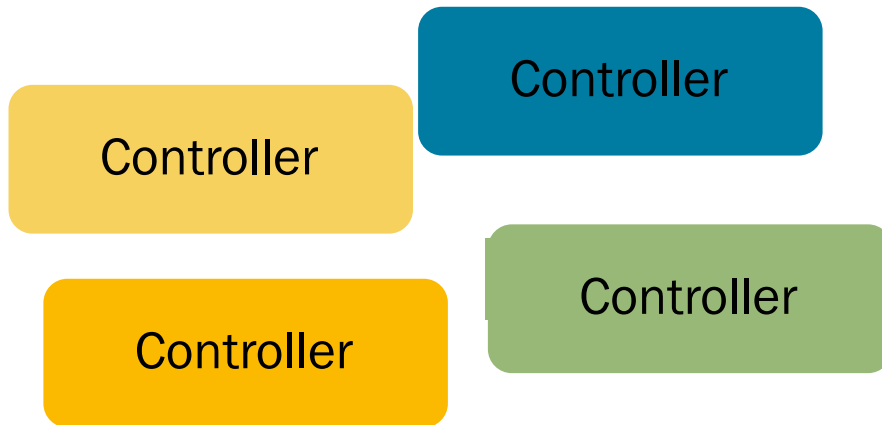
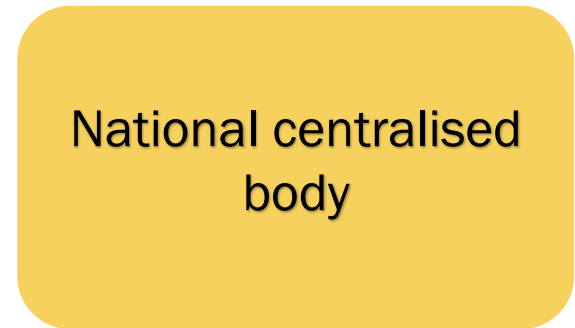
# Management and control system



# Management verifications - controllers

Centralised system:

- Organised and paid by Member State



Decentralised system:

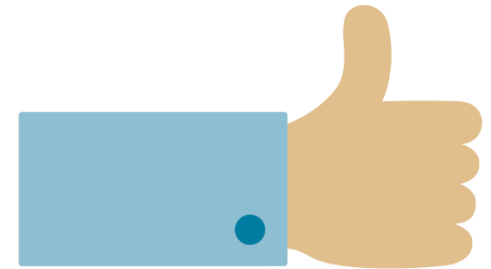
- Open market controllers

# Control systems

Centralised	Decentralised
Partners cannot choose the controller	Partner chooses the controller but needs approval
Financed by the national/ regional funds or TA	Financed from the project budget
No costs	Quick, with good proximity to the project
Experienced staff	
Same interpretation of eligibility rules for all partners	

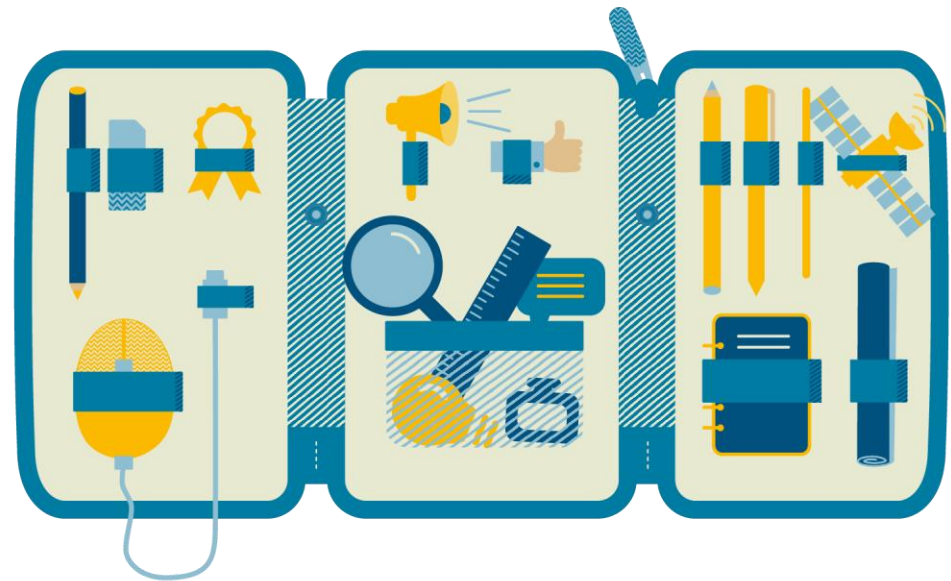
# Management verifications – scope

- Expenditure relates to the **eligible period** and has been **paid**
- Expenditure relates to an **approved operation**
- **Physical progress** of the operation
- **Delivery** of the product or service in full compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement
- Compliance with **programme conditions**, incl. the approved co-financing rate
- Compliance with national and EU **eligibility rules/ public procurement rules**
- Compliance with **state aid rules**



# Management verifications – scope

- Compliance with **horizontal principles** requirements
- The respect of EU and national rules on **publicity**
- Adequacy of supporting documents and existence of an adequate **audit trail**
- *For simplified cost options:* **conditions for payments** have been fulfilled





# Management verifications – types

## **Administrative (desk-based)**

each application for reimbursement

performed at the controller's premises

sampling is possible  
(where justified)

## **On-the-spot**

delivery of the product/service, physical progress, EU publicity rules

performed at the premises of the partner/ project related site

on a sample basis (Article 125(5) of Reg. 1303/2013)

# Management verifications – sampling

## Administrative verifications

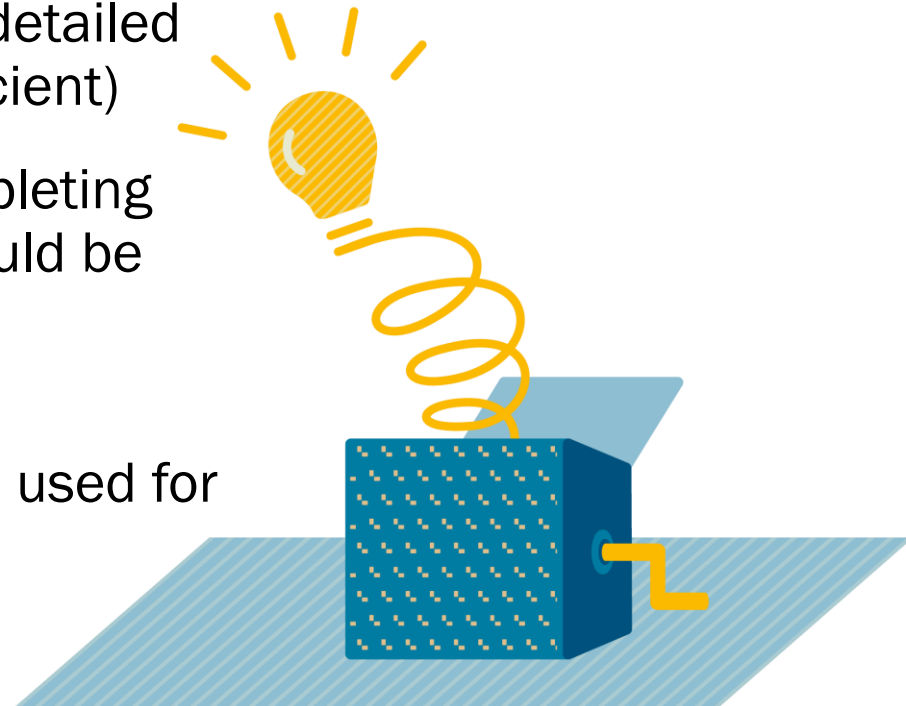
- Methodology is established ex-ante by the MA
- Risk-based selection is complemented by a random sample

## On-the-spot verifications

- MA keeps records of the operations selected and description of the sampling method
- Sampling method is reviewed annually
- Risk-based selection is complemented by a random sample
- Sample: high value operations, problems/ irregularities or unclear transactions have been identified

# Documenting of management verifications

- Recommended to use checklists
  - for Interreg: adopt **Harmonised Checklists** developed by INTERACT
- Checklist should be sufficiently detailed (one tick for eligibility is not sufficient)
- Name/position of a person completing the check and date of check should be recorded
- Photos of deliverables, copies of promotional material, etc. can be used for publicity



# Management verifications – obligations of MAs/ JSs

- Verify that the co-financed products and services have been **delivered**
- Verify that expenditure declared by the beneficiaries has been **paid**
- Verify that the expenditure declared **complies** with applicable **law**, the operational **programme** and the conditions for support of the **operation**
- Ensure that the beneficiaries maintain a **separate accounting** system or an adequate accounting code
- Set up procedures to ensure an adequate **audit trail**
- Put in place effective and proportionate **anti-fraud measures**
- Draw up **management declaration**

# Management verifications – responsibilities of Member States

**Member States or third countries or territories** – each designates a body or person responsible for carrying out verifications in relation to beneficiaries on its territory:

- Each MS or 3<sup>rd</sup> country responsible for verifications carried out on its territory
- MA shall satisfy itself that the expenditure of each beneficiary has been validated by a designated controller
- *Recommended in the EC Guidance:* MA ensures that the responsible MS or 3<sup>rd</sup> countries put in place quality control procedures to verify the quality of the work by the controllers

# Timing of management verifications

Each Member State shall ensure that the expenditure of a beneficiary can be verified within a period of **three months** of the submission of the documents by the beneficiary concerned.



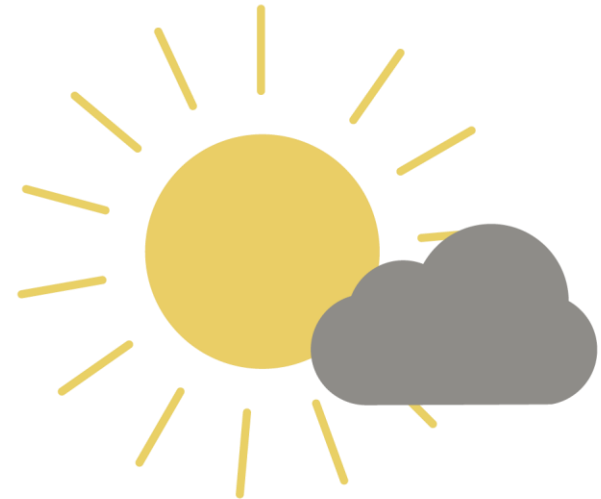
# Certifying Authority

- CA may be merged with MA
- In some programmes MA and CA are even in different MS
- Separation of functions must be ensured (CA should be able to say “NO” to MA opinion / request)



# Certifying Authority

- Verifies and certifies finally all eligible amounts to be claimed from COM via interim and final payment claims
- Certifies annual accounts
- Reconciles final payment claim with the accounts
- Monitors irregularities, recovers and withdraws
- May be involved in on-the-spot checks



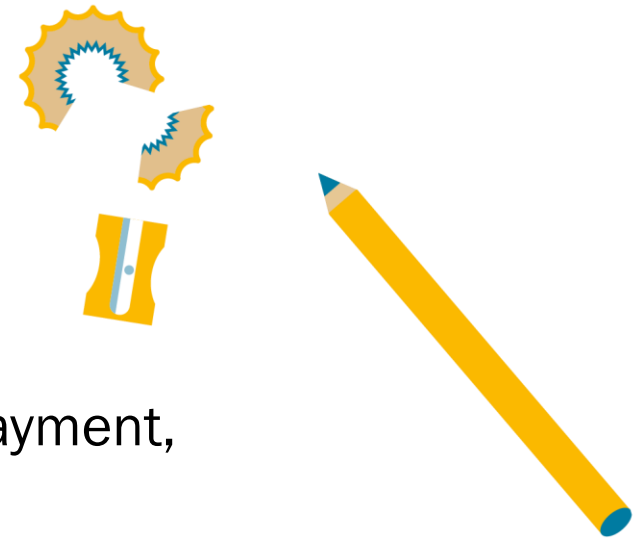


# Progress Report – sample check of the list of expenditures

## Your task

As a group, check:

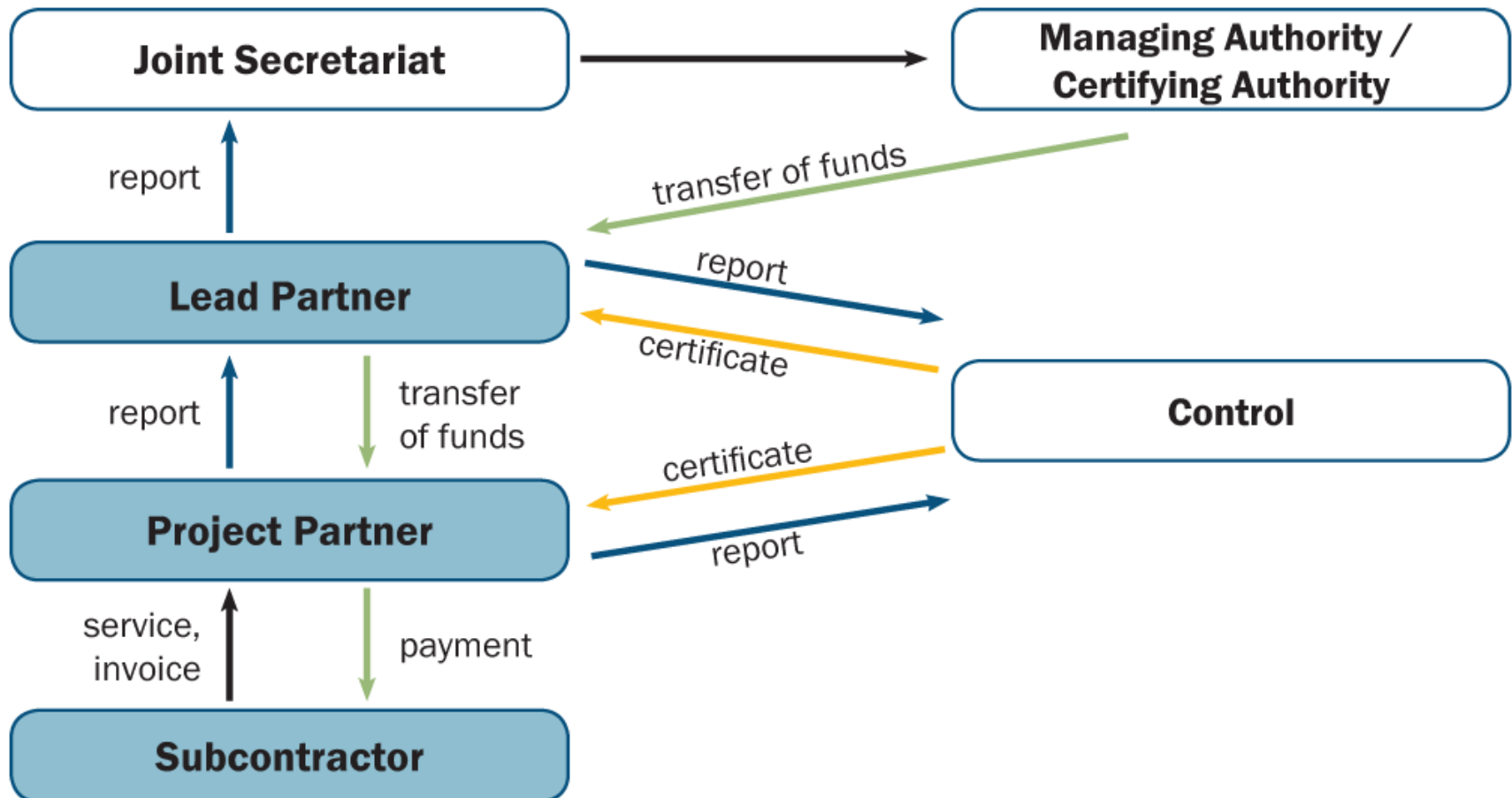
- attribution to the correct budget line,
- attribution to the correct work package,
- date of issuing an invoice and date of the payment,
- audit trail of supporting documents.



For the feedback you are asked to:

- be prepared to discuss your group's findings with other groups.

# Cash flow programme - project



# Cash flow programme - project

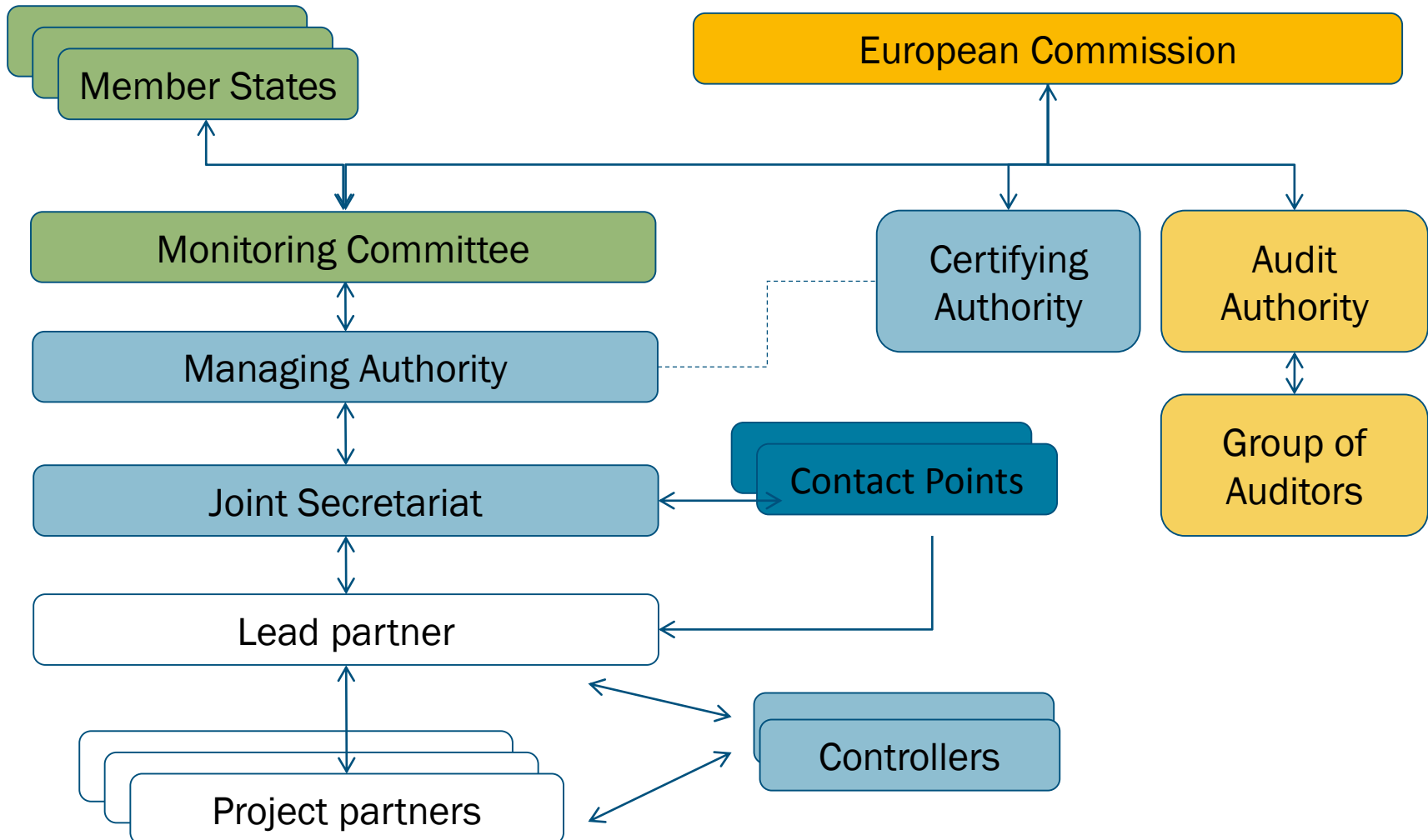
## Article 132(1) of CPR

The payment to the beneficiary needs to be done within **90 days** from the submission of the application for payment

The deadline may be interrupted by MA when:

- The amount claimed is not due or the appropriate supporting documents, necessary for management verification, have not been provided.
- An investigation has been initiated in relation to the possible irregularity affecting the expenditure concerned.

# Management and control system



# Audit Authority

Function	Responsibility
Works independently	Verifies the successful implementation
Located in the same Member State as the MA	Ensures that audits are carried out on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• management and control system,</li> <li>• sample of operations,</li> <li>• annual accounts</li> </ul>

# Group of Auditors

Function	Responsibility
Supports Audit Authority	Performs and organises second level control in respective country
Representatives from each country in the programme	Reports back any findings to the AA

# System audit

## Purpose

Effectiveness

Reliability

## Procedure/ Outcomes

Once a year

Contradiction

Irregularities

Interruption

# Audit of operations

## Purpose

Accuracy

Reliability

Eligibility

## Procedure/ Outcomes

Once a year

Contradiction

Irregularities

Interruption

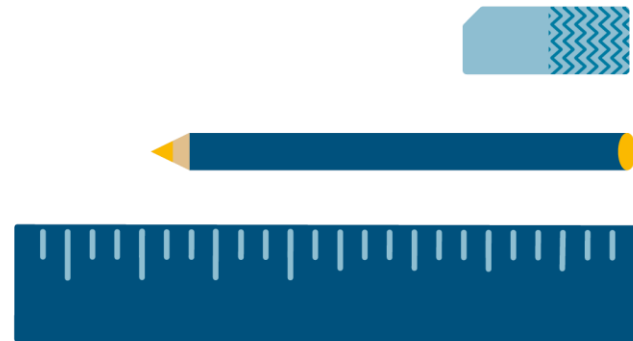


# Other auditing bodies

## European Commission

## OLAF

- investigates fraud against the EU budget, corruption and serious misconduct within the European institutions,
- develops anti-fraud policy for the European Commission,
- every irregularity higher than 10 000 EUR should be reported to OLAF



# Cooperation works

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All materials will be available on:

[www.interact-eu.net](http://www.interact-eu.net)